

# Line Paint Green - 6012 ICP Group Australasia Pty Ltd

Version No: 3.5

Safety Data Sheet according to WHS Regulations (Hazardous Chemicals) Amendment 2020 and ADG requirements

Issue Date: **10/25/2022** Print Date: **10/25/2022** S.GHS.AUS.EN

## SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

## **Product Identifier**

Product name	Line Paint Green - 6012	
Synonyms	Not Available	
Other means of identification	Not Available	

## Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	Line Paint
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## Details of the manufacturer or supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	ICP Group Australasia Pty Ltd	ICP Construction Inc.
Address	30-32 Assembly Drive Tullamarine, VIC 3043 Australia	150 Dascomb Road Andover, MA 01810 United States
Telephone	61 3 9338 9851	1-866-667-5119 1-978-623-9987
Fax	Not Available	Not Available
Website	www.icpgroup.com	www.icpgroup.com
Email	sales-australia@icpgroup.com	sds@icpgroup.com

## Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	ChemTel	ChemTel
Emergency telephone numbers	1300-954-583	1-800-255-3924
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available	1-813-248-0585

## **SECTION 2 Hazards identification**

## Classification of the substance or mixture

Poisons Schedule	ule Not Applicable	
Classification [1]	Carcinogenicity Category 1B, Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure Category 2	
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HCIS; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI	

## Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)



Signal word

Danger

## Hazard statement(s)

H350	May cause cancer.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

## Precautionary statement(s) General

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.	
P102 Keep out of reach of children.	
P103 Read carefully and follow all instructions.	

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Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P260	Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray.	
P280	P280 Wear protective gloves and protective clothing.	
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.	
P202	P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	
P264	Wash all exposed external body areas thoroughly after handling.	

## Precautionary statement(s) Response

P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P314	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

## Precautionary statement(s) Storage

, , ,	
P405	Store locked up.

## Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation.

## **SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients**

## Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

## Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
14808-60-7*	1-5	silica crystalline - quartz
12001-26-2	1-5	mica
13463-67-7*	5-10	<u>Titanium Dioxide Ti02</u>
107-21-1	1-5	ethylene glycol
1333-86-4	0.1-1	carbon black
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HCIS; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI; 4. Classification drawn from C&L * EU IOELVs available	

## **SECTION 4 First aid measures**

## Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with eyes:  • Wash out immediately with water.  • If irritation continues, seek medical attention.  • Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact    If skin contact occurs:	
Inhalation  Inhalation  If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.  Other measures are usually unnecessary.	
Ingestion	<ul> <li>Immediately give a glass of water.</li> <li>First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.</li> </ul>

## Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5 Firefighting measures**

## **Extinguishing media**

- Foam.
- Dry chemical powder.

## Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result

## Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting	Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.     Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus.
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► Combustible. ▶ Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame. Combustion products include: Fire/Explosion Hazard carbon dioxide (CO2) other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material. May emit poisonous fumes. May emit corrosive fumes. **HAZCHEM** Not Applicable

## **SECTION 6 Accidental release measures**

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

## **Environmental precautions**

See section 12

## Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	<ul> <li>Remove all ignition sources.</li> <li>Clean up all spills immediately.</li> </ul>
Major Spills	<ul> <li>Clear area of personnel and move upwind.</li> <li>Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.</li> </ul>

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

## **SECTION 7 Handling and storage**

## Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.  Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.  DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin
Other information	Store in original containers. Keep containers securely sealed.

## Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	<ul> <li>Metal can or drum</li> <li>Packaging as recommended by manufacturer.</li> <li>Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.</li> </ul>
Storage incompatibility	Avoid reaction with oxidising agents

## SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

## **Control parameters**

## Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

## INGREDIENT DATA

INGKEDIENT DATA	INGREDIENT DATA					
Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
Australia Exposure Standards	silica crystalline - quartz	Silica - Crystalline: Quartz (respirable dust)	0.05 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Australia Exposure Standards	mica	Mica	2.5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Australia Exposure Standards	Titanium Dioxide Ti02	Titanium dioxide	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	(a) This value is for inhalable dust containing no asbestos and < 1% crystalline silica.
Australia Exposure Standards	ethylene glycol	Ethylene glycol (particulate)	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Australia Exposure Standards	ethylene glycol	Ethylene glycol (vapour)	20 ppm / 52 mg/m3	104 mg/m3 / 40 ppm	Not Available	Not Available
Australia Exposure Standards	carbon black	Carbon black	3 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

## **Emergency Limits**

Ingredient	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
silica crystalline - quartz	0.075 mg/m3	33 mg/m3	200 mg/m3
mica	9 mg/m3	99 mg/m3	590 mg/m3
Titanium Dioxide Ti02	30 mg/m3	330 mg/m3	2,000 mg/m3
ethylene glycol	30 ppm	150 ppm	900 ppm

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Ingredient	TEEL-1 TEEL-2			TEEL-3
carbon black	9 mg/m3	99 mg/m3		590 mg/m3
Ingredient	Original IDLH		Revised	IDLH
silica crystalline - quartz	25 mg/m3 / 50 mg/m3		Not Available	
mica	1,500 mg/m3		Not Avai	lable
Titanium Dioxide Ti02	5,000 mg/m3		Not Avai	lable
ethylene glycol	Not Available		Not Avai	lable
carbon black	1,750 mg/m3		Not Avai	lable

## **Exposure controls**

### Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection.

## Personal protection









## Eye and face protection

- Safety glasses with side shields.
- Chemical goggles.

# Skin protection

See Hand protection below

- ▶ Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.
- ▶ Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber

### Hands/feet protection

The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer. Where the chemical is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

### **Body protection**

See Other protection below

- Figure 1. Employees working with confirmed human carcinogens should be provided with, and be required to wear, clean, full body protective clothing (smocks, coveralls, or long-sleeved shirt and pants), shoe covers and gloves prior to entering the regulated area. [AS/NZS ISO 6529:2006 or national equivalent]
- Employees engaged in handling operations involving carcinogens should be provided with, and required to wear and use half-face filter-type respirators with filters for dusts, mists and fumes, or air purifying canisters or cartridges.

## Other protection

- Prior to each exit from an area containing confirmed human carcinogens, employees should be required to remove and leave protective clothing and equipment at the point of exit and at the last exit of the day, to place used clothing and equipment in impervious containers at the point of exit for purposes of decontamination or disposal. The contents of such impervious containers must be identified with suitable labels.
- Overalls.
- P.V.C apron.

## Respiratory protection

Type A Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

- Cartridge respirators should never be used for emergency ingress or in areas of unknown vapour concentrations or oxygen content.
- The wearer must be warned to leave the contaminated area immediately on detecting any odours through the respirator. The odour may indicate that the mask is not functioning properly, that the vapour concentration is too high, or that the mask is not properly fitted. Because of these limitations, only restricted use of cartridge respirators is considered appropriate.
- Cartridge performance is affected by humidity. Cartridges should be changed after 2 hr of continuous use unless it is determined that the humidity is less than 75%, in which case, cartridges can be used for 4 hr. Used cartridges should be discarded daily, regardless of the length of time used

## **SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties**

## Information on basic physical and chemical properties

normation on basic physical and chemical properties			
Appearance	Not Available		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	Not Available
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	Decomposition temperature (°C)	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	>130	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available

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Flammability	Not Applicable	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Immiscible	pH as a solution (Not Available%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	103.16

## **SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity**

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	<ul> <li>Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials.</li> <li>Product is considered stable.</li> </ul>
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

## **SECTION 11 Toxicological information**

## Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting.
Ingestion	The material has <b>NOT</b> been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as "harmful by ingestion". This is because of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence.
Skin Contact	Skin contact is not thought to have harmful health effects (as classified under EC Directives); the material may still produce health damage following entry through wounds, lesions or abrasions.  There is some evidence to suggest that this material can cause inflammation of the skin on contact in some persons.  Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material  Entry into the blood-stream, through, for example, cuts, abrasions or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects. Examine the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected.
Еуе	Although the liquid is not thought to be an irritant (as classified by EC Directives), direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn).
Chronic	There is ample evidence that this material can be regarded as being able to cause cancer in humans based on experiments and other information.  Toxic: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.  This material can cause serious damage if one is exposed to it for long periods. It can be assumed that it contains a substance which can produce severe defects.
	TOYICITY

	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
Line Paint Green - 6012	Not Available	Not Available
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	Inhalation (Human)LCLo: 0.3 mg/m3/10Y <sup>[2]</sup>	Not Available
silica crystalline - quartz	Inhalation (Human)TCLo: 16 mppcf*/8H/17.9Y <sup>[2]</sup>	
	Inhalation (Rat)TCLo: 50 mg/m3/6H/71W <sup>[2]</sup>	
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
mica	Not Available	Not Available
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	dermal (hamster) LD50: >=10000 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>	Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) <sup>[1]</sup>
Titanium Dioxide Ti02	Inhalation(Rat) LC50: >2.28 mg/l4h <sup>[1]</sup>	Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) <sup>[1]</sup>
	Oral (Rat) LD50; >=2000 mg/kg <sup>[1]</sup>	
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
ethylene glycol	dermal (mouse) LD50: >3500 mg/kg <sup>[1]</sup>	Eye (rabbit): 100 mg/1h - mild

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		E . (0113) 4	0 / 0 /0 0
	Oral (Rat) LD50; >2000 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>	Eye (rabbit): 1	
		, , ,	440mg/6h-moderate
		, , ,	00 mg/24h - mild
		Eye: no advers	se effect observed (not irritating) <sup>[1]</sup>
		Skin (rabbit): 5	555 mg(open)-mild
		Skin: no adver	se effect observed (not irritating) <sup>[1]</sup>
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
carbon black	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >3000 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>	Eye: no advers	se effect observed (not irritating) <sup>[1]</sup>
	Oral (Rat) LD50; >8000 mg/kg <sup>[1]</sup>	Skin: no adver	se effect observed (not irritating)[1]
Legend:	Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Suspecified data extracted from RTECS - Register of T		tained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise
	WARNING: For inhalation exposure ONLY: This sub	ostance has been classified by the IAF	RC as Group 1: CARCINOGENIC TO HUMANS
silica crystalline - quartz	The International Agency for Research on Cancer (I	ARC) has classified occupational exp	osures to <b>respirable</b> (<5 um) crystalline silica as being
silica crystalline - quartz	The International Agency for Research on Cancer (Incarcinogenic to humans . This classification is based the carcinogenicity of inhaled silica in the forms of qu	ARC) has classified occupational exp d on what IARC considered sufficient uartz and cristobalite.	osures to <b>respirable</b> (<5 um) crystalline silica as being evidence from epidemiological studies of humans for
silica crystalline - quartz MICA	The International Agency for Research on Cancer (Incarcinogenic to humans . This classification is based the carcinogenicity of inhaled silica in the forms of qu	ARC) has classified occupational exp d on what IARC considered sufficient uartz and cristobalite.	osures to <b>respirable</b> (<5 um) crystalline silica as being evidence from epidemiological studies of humans for trial ends. This may be due to a non-allergic condition
	The International Agency for Research on Cancer (Incarcinogenic to humans . This classification is based the carcinogenicity of inhaled silica in the forms of question in the symptoms may continue for months or eknown as reactive airways dysfunction syndrome (R.	ARC) has classified occupational exp d on what IARC considered sufficient uartz and cristobalite. even years after exposure to the mate ADS) which can occur after exposure oted by Orica] Substance is reproduc throughout the gastrointestinal tract. I	osures to <b>respirable</b> (<5 um) crystalline silica as being evidence from epidemiological studies of humans for erial ends. This may be due to a non-allergic condition to high levels of highly irritating compound. tive effector in rats (birth defects). Mutagenic to rat cells.
MICA	The International Agency for Research on Cancer (Incarcinogenic to humans . This classification is based the carcinogenicity of inhaled silica in the forms of question in the symptoms may continue for months or expression in the symptoms may continue for months or expression in the form of the symptoms of the symptom	ARC) has classified occupational exp d on what IARC considered sufficient cuartz and cristobalite.  even years after exposure to the mate ADS) which can occur after exposure oted by Orica] Substance is reproduct throughout the gastrointestinal tract. I arently slow.	osures to <b>respirable</b> (<5 um) crystalline silica as being evidence from epidemiological studies of humans for erial ends. This may be due to a non-allergic condition to high levels of highly irritating compound. tive effector in rats (birth defects). Mutagenic to rat cells. Limited information suggests that it is also absorbed
MICA ETHYLENE GLYCOL	The International Agency for Research on Cancer (Iucarcinogenic to humans . This classification is based the carcinogenicity of inhaled silica in the forms of question of the carcinogenicity of inhaled silica in the forms of question as reactive airways dysfunction syndrome (R. [Estimated Lethal Dose (human) 100 ml; RTECS question for ethylene glycol: Ethylene glycol is quickly and extensively absorbed through the airways; absorption through skin is appal Inhalation (rat) TCLo: 50 mg/m3/6h/90D-I Nil reporter	ARC) has classified occupational exp d on what IARC considered sufficient cuartz and cristobalite.  even years after exposure to the mate ADS) which can occur after exposure oted by Orica] Substance is reproduct throughout the gastrointestinal tract. I arently slow.  ed  the IARC as Group 2B: Possibly Carci	osures to <b>respirable</b> (<5 um) crystalline silica as being evidence from epidemiological studies of humans for erial ends. This may be due to a non-allergic condition to high levels of highly irritating compound. tive effector in rats (birth defects). Mutagenic to rat cells. Limited information suggests that it is also absorbed
MICA ETHYLENE GLYCOL CARBON BLACK	The International Agency for Research on Cancer (Incarcinogenic to humans. This classification is based the carcinogenicity of inhaled silica in the forms of question Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or expression as reactive airways dysfunction syndrome (R. [Estimated Lethal Dose (human) 100 ml; RTECS question for ethylene glycol: Ethylene glycol is quickly and extensively absorbed through the airways; absorption through skin is appaal Inhalation (rat) TCLo: 50 mg/m3/6h/90D-l Nil reported WARNING: This substance has been classified by the	ARC) has classified occupational exp d on what IARC considered sufficient cuartz and cristobalite.  even years after exposure to the mate ADS) which can occur after exposure oted by Orica] Substance is reproduct throughout the gastrointestinal tract. I arently slow.  ed  the IARC as Group 2B: Possibly Carci	osures to <b>respirable</b> (<5 um) crystalline silica as being evidence from epidemiological studies of humans for erial ends. This may be due to a non-allergic condition to high levels of highly irritating compound. tive effector in rats (birth defects). Mutagenic to rat cells. Limited information suggests that it is also absorbed
MICA  ETHYLENE GLYCOL  CARBON BLACK  MICA & CARBON BLACK	The International Agency for Research on Cancer (Incarcinogenic to humans. This classification is based the carcinogenicity of inhaled silica in the forms of question of the carcinogenicity of inhaled silica in the forms of question as reactive airways dysfunction syndrome (R. [Estimated Lethal Dose (human) 100 ml; RTECS question of the programme of the program	ARC) has classified occupational exp d on what IARC considered sufficient cuartz and cristobalite.  even years after exposure to the mate ADS) which can occur after exposure oted by Orica] Substance is reproduct throughout the gastrointestinal tract. It arently slow.  ed  the IARC as Group 2B: Possibly Carcilerature search.	osures to <b>respirable</b> (<5 um) crystalline silica as being evidence from epidemiological studies of humans for erial ends. This may be due to a non-allergic condition to high levels of highly irritating compound. tive effector in rats (birth defects). Mutagenic to rat cells. Limited information suggests that it is also absorbed nogenic to Humans.
MICA  ETHYLENE GLYCOL  CARBON BLACK  MICA & CARBON BLACK  Acute Toxicity	The International Agency for Research on Cancer (Incarcinogenic to humans . This classification is based the carcinogenicity of inhaled silica in the forms of quexion Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or expression as reactive airways dysfunction syndrome (R. [Estimated Lethal Dose (human) 100 ml; RTECS quere For ethylene glycol: Ethylene glycol is quickly and extensively absorbed through the airways; absorption through skin is appaar Inhalation (rat) TCLo: 50 mg/m3/6h/90D-I Nil reported WARNING: This substance has been classified by the No significant acute toxicological data identified in lite.	ARC) has classified occupational exp d on what IARC considered sufficient cuartz and cristobalite.  even years after exposure to the mate ADS) which can occur after exposure oted by Orica] Substance is reproduct throughout the gastrointestinal tract. I arently slow.  ed  the IARC as Group 2B: Possibly Carcinerature search.  Carcinogenicity	osures to <b>respirable</b> (<5 um) crystalline silica as being evidence from epidemiological studies of humans for erial ends. This may be due to a non-allergic condition to high levels of highly irritating compound. tive effector in rats (birth defects). Mutagenic to rat cells. Limited information suggests that it is also absorbed nogenic to Humans.
MICA  ETHYLENE GLYCOL  CARBON BLACK  MICA & CARBON BLACK  Acute Toxicity  Skin Irritation/Corrosion	The International Agency for Research on Cancer (Incarcinogenic to humans . This classification is based the carcinogenicity of inhaled silica in the forms of question as reactive airways dysfunction syndrome (R. [Estimated Lethal Dose (human) 100 ml; RTECS question et al. (1997) and extensively absorbed through the airways; absorption through skin is appaar Inhalation (rat) TCLo: 50 mg/m3/6h/90D-I Nil reported warning: This substance has been classified by the No significant acute toxicological data identified in lite.	ARC) has classified occupational exp d on what IARC considered sufficient outlined and cristobalite.  even years after exposure to the mate ADS) which can occur after exposure oted by Orica] Substance is reproduct throughout the gastrointestinal tract. I arently slow.  ed the IARC as Group 2B: Possibly Carcinerature search.  Carcinogenicity  Reproductivity	osures to <b>respirable</b> (<5 um) crystalline silica as being evidence from epidemiological studies of humans for erial ends. This may be due to a non-allergic condition to high levels of highly irritating compound. tive effector in rats (birth defects). Mutagenic to rat cells. Limited information suggests that it is also absorbed nogenic to Humans.

Legend:

X − Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification
✓ − Data available to make classification

## **SECTION 12 Ecological information**

## Toxicity

Line Paint Green - 6012	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
silica crystalline - quartz	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Availabl
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
mica	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Availabl
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
	BCF	1008h	Fish	<1.1-9.6	7
	EC50	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	3.75-7.58mg/l	4
Titanium Dioxide Ti02	EC50	48h	Crustacea	1.9mg/l	2
	NOEC(ECx)	504h	Crustacea	0.02mg/l	4
	LC50	96h	Fish	1.85-3.06mg/l	4
	EC50	96h	Algae or other aquatic plants	179.05mg/l	2
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Sourc
	EC50(ECx)	Not Available	Algae or other aquatic plants	6500-7500mg/l	1
ethylene glycol	EC50	48h	Crustacea	>100mg/l	2
	LC50	96h	Fish	>10000mg/l	1

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	EC50	96h	Algae or other aquatic plants	6500-13000mg/l	1
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
	EC50	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	>0.2mg/l	2
carbon black	EC50	48h	Crustacea	33.076-41.968mg/l	4
	NOEC(ECx)	24h	Crustacea	3200mg/l	1
	LC50	96h	Fish	>100mg/l	2
Legend:	Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data				

## DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

## Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
Titanium Dioxide Ti02	HIGH	HIGH
ethylene glycol	LOW (Half-life = 24 days)	LOW (Half-life = 3.46 days)

## **Bioaccumulative potential**

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
Titanium Dioxide Ti02	LOW (BCF = 10)
ethylene glycol	LOW (BCF = 200)

## Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
Titanium Dioxide Ti02	LOW (KOC = 23.74)
ethylene glycol	HIGH (KOC = 1)

## **SECTION 13 Disposal considerations**

## Waste treatment methods

- Containers may still present a chemical hazard/ danger when empty.
- Return to supplier for reuse/ recycling if possible.

Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory. Each user must refer to laws operating in their area.

- Product / Packaging disposal ▶ DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains.
  - It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal.
  - Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.
  - Consult State Land Waste Authority for disposal.

## **SECTION 14 Transport information**

## **Labels Required**

Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

Land transport (ADG): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

## Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Product name	Group
silica crystalline - quartz	Not Available
mica	Not Available
Titanium Dioxide Ti02	Not Available
ethylene glycol	Not Available
carbon black	Not Available

## Transport in bulk in accordance with the ICG Code

Product name	Ship Type
silica crystalline - quartz	Not Available
mica	Not Available

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Product name	Ship Type
Titanium Dioxide Ti02	Not Available
ethylene glycol	Not Available
carbon black	Not Available

## **SECTION 15 Regulatory information**

### Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### silica crystalline - quartz is found on the following regulatory lists

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals Australia Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Hazardous chemicals (other than lead) requiring health monitoring

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

## mica is found on the following regulatory lists

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

### Titanium Dioxide Ti02 is found on the following regulatory lists

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

### ethylene glycol is found on the following regulatory lists

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) -Schedule 5

### carbon black is found on the following regulatory lists

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC) Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs - Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs - Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) -Schedule 6

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs - Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

## **National Inventory Status**

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use	Yes
Canada - DSL	Yes
Canada - NDSL	No (silica crystalline - quartz; mica; Titanium Dioxide Ti02; ethylene glycol; carbon black)
China - IECSC	Yes
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Yes
Japan - ENCS	No (mica)
Korea - KECI	Yes
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes
Philippines - PICCS	Yes
USA - TSCA	No (mica)
Taiwan - TCSI	Yes
Mexico - INSQ	Yes
Vietnam - NCI	Yes
Russia - FBEPH	Yes
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration.

## **SECTION 16 Other information**

Revision Date	10/25/2022
Initial Date	10/11/2022

## CONTACT POINT

\*\*PLEASE NOTE THAT TITANIUM DIOXIDE IS NOT PRESENT IN CLEAR OR NEUTRAL BASES\*\*

## **SDS Version Summary**

Version	Date of Update	Sections Updated
2.5	10/25/2022	Ingredients, Physical Properties

Version No: **3.5** Page **9** of **9** Issue Date: **10/25/2022** 

## Line Paint Green - 6012

Print Date: 10/25/2022

### Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings.

## **Definitions and abbreviations**

PC-TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit。

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

ES: Exposure Standard OSF: Odour Safety Factor

NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level

LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

TLV: Threshold Limit Value LOD: Limit Of Detection

OTV: Odour Threshold Value

BCF: BioConcentration Factors

BEI: Biological Exposure Index AIIC: Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

DSL: Domestic Substances List

NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List

IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substance in China

EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

NLP: No-Longer Polymers

ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory

KECI: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act

TCSI: Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

INSQ: Inventario Nacional de Sustancias Químicas

NCI: National Chemical Inventory

FBEPH: Russian Register of Potentially Hazardous Chemical and Biological Substances

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