



Plexichrome Ultra Performance Velocity Blue

ICP Group Australasia Pty Ltd

Version No: 3.3

Safety Data Sheet according to WHS Regulations (Hazardous Chemicals) Amendment 2020 and ADG requirements

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S.GHS.AUS.EN

SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

Product Identifier

| | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Product name | Plexichrome Ultra Performance Velocity Blue |
| Synonyms | Not Available |
| Other means of identification | Not Available |

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| | |
|--------------------------|----------------|
| Relevant identified uses | Sports Surface |
|--------------------------|----------------|

Details of the manufacturer or supplier of the safety data sheet

| | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| Registered company name | ICP Group Australasia Pty Ltd | ICP Construction Inc. |
| Address | 30-32 Assembly Drive Tullamarine, VIC 3043 Australia | 150 Dascomb Road Andover, MA 01810 United States |
| Telephone | 61 3 9338 9851 | 1-866-667-5119 1-978-623-9987 |
| Fax | Not Available | Not Available |
| Website | www.icpgroup.com | www.icpgroup.com |
| Email | sales-australia@icpgroup.com | sds@icpgroup.com |

Emergency telephone number

| | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|----------------|
| Association / Organisation | ChemTel | ChemTel |
| Emergency telephone numbers | 1300-954-583 | 1-800-255-3924 |
| Other emergency telephone numbers | Not Available | 1-813-248-0585 |

SECTION 2 Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| Poisons Schedule | Not Applicable |
| Classification [1] | Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure Category 2, Carcinogenicity Category 1A |
| Legend: | 1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HCIS; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI |

Label elements

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Hazard pictogram(s) | |
|---------------------|--|

| | |
|-------------|--------|
| Signal word | Danger |
|-------------|--------|

Hazard statement(s)

| | |
|------|--|
| H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| H350 | May cause cancer. |

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

| | |
|------|---|
| P201 | Obtain special instructions before use. |
| P260 | Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray. |
| P280 | Wear protective gloves and protective clothing. |

Plexichrome Ultra Performance Velocity Blue

Precautionary statement(s) Response

| | |
|------------------|---|
| P308+P313 | IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. |
| P314 | Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. |

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

| | |
|-------------|------------------|
| P405 | Store locked up. |
|-------------|------------------|

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

| | |
|-------------|--|
| P501 | Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation. |
|-------------|--|

SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

| CAS No | %[weight] | Name |
|----------------|--|------------------------------------|
| 107-21-1 | 1-5 | <u>ethylene glycol</u> |
| 14808-60-7* | 10-20 | <u>silica crystalline - quartz</u> |
| 14464-46-1 | 1-5 | <u>crystalite</u> |
| 1332-58-7 | 0.1-1 | <u>kaolin</u> |
| 1333-86-4 | 0.1-1 | <u>carbon black</u> |
| 13463-67-7* | 1-5 | <u>Titanium Dioxide TiO2</u> |
| Legend: | 1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HCIS; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI; 4. Classification drawn from C&L; * EU IOELVs available | |

SECTION 4 First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Eye Contact | <p>If this product comes in contact with eyes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Wash out immediately with water. ▶ If irritation continues, seek medical attention. ▶ Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel. |
| Skin Contact | <p>If skin contact occurs:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. ▶ Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). ▶ Seek medical attention in event of irritation. |
| Inhalation | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. ▶ Other measures are usually unnecessary. |
| Ingestion | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Immediately give a glass of water. ▶ First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor. |

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

- ▶ There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.
- ▶ Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Fire Incompatibility | ▶ Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result |
|-----------------------------|--|

Advice for firefighters

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Fire Fighting | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. ▶ Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire. ▶ Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses. |
| Fire/Explosion Hazard | <p>carbon dioxide (CO2) other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material. May emit poisonous fumes. May emit corrosive fumes.</p> |
| HAZCHEM | Not Applicable |

Plexichrome Ultra Performance Velocity Blue

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Minor Spills | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Clean up all spills immediately. ▶ Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes. ▶ Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment. |
| Major Spills | <p>Moderate hazard.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Clear area of personnel and move upwind. ▶ Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. |

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

| | |
|--------------------------|--|
| Safe handling | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation. ▶ Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. ▶ Use in a well-ventilated area. ▶ DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin |
| Other information | |

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Suitable container | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Polyethylene or polypropylene container. ▶ Packing as recommended by manufacturer. ▶ Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks. |
| Storage incompatibility | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Avoid reaction with oxidising agents |

SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

| Source | Ingredient | Material name | TWA | STEL | Peak | Notes |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|--|
| Australia Exposure Standards | ethylene glycol | Ethylene glycol (vapour) | 20 ppm / 52 mg/m ³ | 104 mg/m ³ / 40 ppm | Not Available | Not Available |
| Australia Exposure Standards | ethylene glycol | Ethylene glycol (particulate) | 10 mg/m ³ | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available |
| Australia Exposure Standards | silica crystalline - quartz | Silica - Crystalline: Quartz (respirable dust) | 0.05 mg/m ³ | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available |
| Australia Exposure Standards | cristobalite | Silica - Crystalline: Cristobalite (respirable dust) | 0.05 mg/m ³ | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available |
| Australia Exposure Standards | kaolin | Kaolin | 10 mg/m ³ | Not Available | Not Available | (a) This value is for inhalable dust containing no asbestos and < 1% crystalline silica. |
| Australia Exposure Standards | carbon black | Carbon black | 3 mg/m ³ | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available |
| Australia Exposure Standards | Titanium Dioxide TiO ₂ | Titanium dioxide | 10 mg/m ³ | Not Available | Not Available | (a) This value is for inhalable dust containing no asbestos and < 1% crystalline silica. |

Emergency Limits

| Ingredient | TEEL-1 | TEEL-2 | TEEL-3 |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| ethylene glycol | 30 ppm | 150 ppm | 900 ppm |
| silica crystalline - quartz | 0.075 mg/m ³ | 33 mg/m ³ | 200 mg/m ³ |
| cristobalite | 0.075 mg/m ³ | 33 mg/m ³ | 200 mg/m ³ |
| carbon black | 9 mg/m ³ | 99 mg/m ³ | 590 mg/m ³ |
| Titanium Dioxide TiO ₂ | 30 mg/m ³ | 330 mg/m ³ | 2,000 mg/m ³ |


| Ingredient | Original IDLH | Revised IDLH |
|-----------------|---------------|---------------|
| ethylene glycol | Not Available | Not Available |

Continued...

Plexichrome Ultra Performance Velocity Blue

| Ingredient | Original IDLH | Revised IDLH |
|-----------------------------------|---|---------------|
| silica crystalline - quartz | 25 mg/m ³ / 50 mg/m ³ | Not Available |
| crystalite | Not Available | Not Available |
| kaolin | Not Available | Not Available |
| carbon black | 1,750 mg/m ³ | Not Available |
| Titanium Dioxide TiO ₂ | 5,000 mg/m ³ | Not Available |

Exposure controls

| | |
|--|--|
| Appropriate engineering controls | Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection. The basic types of engineering controls are: Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk. |
| Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment |  |
| Eye and face protection | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Safety glasses with side shields. ▶ Chemical goggles. ▶ Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. |
| Skin protection | See Hand protection below |
| Hands/feet protection | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC. ▶ Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber <p>The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer. Where the chemical is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.</p> <p>The exact break through time for substances has to be obtained from the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed when making a final choice.</p> |
| Body protection | See Other protection below |
| Other protection | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Overalls. ▶ P.V.C apron. ▶ Barrier cream. |

Respiratory protection

Type A Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

If inhalation risk above the TLV exists, wear approved dust respirator.

Use respirators with protection factors appropriate for the exposure level.

- ▶ Up to 5 X TLV, use valveless mask type; up to 10 X TLV, use 1/2 mask dust respirator
- ▶ Up to 50 X TLV, use full face dust respirator or demand type C air supplied respirator
- ▶ Up to 500 X TLV, use powered air-purifying dust respirator or a Type C pressure demand supplied-air respirator
- ▶ Over 500 X TLV wear full-face self-contained breathing apparatus with positive pressure mode or a combination respirator with a Type C positive pressure supplied-air full-face respirator and an auxiliary self-contained breathing apparatus operated in pressure demand or other positive pressure mode
- ▶ Cartridge respirators should never be used for emergency ingress or in areas of unknown vapour concentrations or oxygen content.
- ▶ The wearer must be warned to leave the contaminated area immediately on detecting any odours through the respirator. The odour may indicate that the mask is not functioning properly, that the vapour concentration is too high, or that the mask is not properly fitted. Because of these limitations, only restricted use of cartridge respirators is considered appropriate.
- ▶ Cartridge performance is affected by humidity. Cartridges should be changed after 2 hr of continuous use unless it is determined that the humidity is less than 75%, in which case, cartridges can be used for 4 hr. Used cartridges should be discarded daily, regardless of the length of time used

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| | | | |
|---|------------------|--|---------------|
| Appearance | Light sensitive. | | |
| Physical state | Liquid | Relative density (Water = 1) | Not Available |
| Odour | Not Available | Partition coefficient n-octanol / water | Not Available |
| Odour threshold | Not Available | Auto-ignition temperature (°C) | Not Available |
| pH (as supplied) | Not Available | Decomposition temperature (°C) | Not Available |
| Melting point / freezing point (°C) | Not Available | Viscosity (cSt) | Not Available |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C) | Not Available | Molecular weight (g/mol) | Not Available |
| Flash point (°C) | Not Applicable | Taste | Not Available |
| Evaporation rate | Not Available | Explosive properties | Not Available |

Plexichrome Ultra Performance Velocity Blue

| | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------|---|---------------|
| Flammability | Not Applicable | Oxidising properties | Not Available |
| Upper Explosive Limit (%) | Not Available | Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m) | Not Available |
| Lower Explosive Limit (%) | Not Available | Volatile Component (%vol) | Not Available |
| Vapour pressure (kPa) | Not Available | Gas group | Not Available |
| Solubility in water | Immiscible | pH as a solution (1%) | Not Available |
| Vapour density (Air = 1) | Not Available | VOC g/L | 85.71 |

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

| | |
|---|--|
| Reactivity | See section 7 |
| Chemical stability | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials. ▶ Product is considered stable. ▶ Hazardous polymerisation will not occur. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | See section 7 |
| Conditions to avoid | See section 7 |
| Incompatible materials | See section 7 |
| Hazardous decomposition products | See section 5 |

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Inhaled | The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting. |
| Ingestion | The material has NOT been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as "harmful by ingestion". This is because of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence. |
| Skin Contact | <p>Skin contact is not thought to have harmful health effects (as classified under EC Directives); the material may still produce health damage following entry through wounds, lesions or abrasions.</p> <p>There is some evidence to suggest that this material can cause inflammation of the skin on contact in some persons.</p> <p>Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material</p> <p>Entry into the blood-stream, through, for example, cuts, abrasions or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects. Examine the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected.</p> |
| Eye | Although the liquid is not thought to be an irritant (as classified by EC Directives), direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn). |
| Chronic | <p>Studies show that inhaling this substance for over a long period (e.g. in an occupational setting) may increase the risk of cancer.</p> <p>Repeated or long-term occupational exposure is likely to produce cumulative health effects involving organs or biochemical systems.</p> <p>Strong evidence exists that this substance may cause irreversible mutations (though not lethal) even following a single exposure.</p> <p>Crystalline silicas activate the inflammatory response of white blood cells after they injure the lung epithelium. Chronic exposure to crystalline silicas reduces lung capacity and predisposes to chest infections.</p> |

| | | |
|--|--|---|
| Plexichrome Ultra Performance Velocity Blue | TOXICITY | IRRITATION |
| | Not Available | Not Available |
| ethylene glycol | TOXICITY | IRRITATION |
| | dermal (mouse) LD50: >3500 mg/kg ^[1] | Eye (rabbit): 100 mg/1h - mild |
| | Oral (Rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[2] | Eye (rabbit): 12 mg/m3/3D |
| | | Eye (rabbit): 1440mg/6h-moderate |
| | | Eye (rabbit): 500 mg/24h - mild |
| | | Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1] |
| | | Skin (rabbit): 555 mg(open)-mild |
| | Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1] | |
| silica crystalline - quartz | TOXICITY | IRRITATION |
| | Inhalation (Human)LCLo: 0.3 mg/m3/10Y ^[2] | Not Available |
| | Inhalation (Human)TCLo: 16 mppcf*/8H/17.9Y ^[2] | |
| | Inhalation (Rat)TCLo: 50 mg/m3/6H/71W ^[2] | |

Plexichrome Ultra Performance Velocity Blue

| | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| cristobalite | TOXICITY | IRRITATION |
| | Not Available | Not Available |
| kaolin | TOXICITY | IRRITATION |
| | Not Available | Not Available |
| carbon black | TOXICITY | IRRITATION |
| | Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1] | Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1] |
| | Oral (Rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1] | Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1] |
| Titanium Dioxide TiO2 | TOXICITY | IRRITATION |
| | dermal (hamster) LD50: >=10000 mg/kg ^[2] | Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1] |
| | Inhalation(Rat) LC50: >2.28 mg/l4h ^[1] | Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1] |
| | Oral (Rat) LD50: >=2000 mg/kg ^[1] | |
| Legend: | 1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2. Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances | |

| | |
|---|---|
| Plexichrome Ultra Performance Velocity Blue | Laboratory (in vitro) and animal studies show, exposure to the material may result in a possible risk of irreversible effects, with the possibility of producing mutation. Exposure to titanium dioxide is via inhalation, swallowing or skin contact. When inhaled, it may deposit in lung tissue and lymph nodes causing dysfunction of the lungs and immune system. Absorption by the stomach and intestines depends on the size of the particle. |
| ETHYLENE GLYCOL | [Estimated Lethal Dose (human) 100 ml; RTECS quoted by Orica] Substance is reproductive effector in rats (birth defects). Mutagenic to rat cells. For ethylene glycol: Ethylene glycol is quickly and extensively absorbed throughout the gastrointestinal tract. Limited information suggests that it is also absorbed through the airways; absorption through skin is apparently slow. Following absorption, it is distributed throughout the body. |
| CRISTOBALITE | Inhalation (human) TCLo: 16 mppcf*8H/17.9y-I * Millions of particles per cubic foot |
| KAOLIN | For bentonite clays: Bentonite (CAS No. 1302-78-9) consists of a group of clays formed by crystallization of vitreous volcanic ashes that were deposited in water. The expected acute oral toxicity of bentonite in humans is very low. However, when bentonite had been used as a prophylactic paste, larger amounts caused severe eye injury, including abscesses behind the cornea. |
| CARBON BLACK | Inhalation (rat) TCLo: 50 mg/m3/6h/90D-I Nil reported WARNING: This substance has been classified by the IARC as Group 2B: Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans. |
| silica crystalline - quartz & CRISTOBALITE | WARNING: For inhalation exposure <u>ONLY</u> : This substance has been classified by the IARC as Group 1: CARCINOGENIC TO HUMANS The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has classified occupational exposures to respirable (<5 um) crystalline silica as being carcinogenic to humans. This classification is based on what IARC considered sufficient evidence from epidemiological studies of humans for the carcinogenicity of inhaled silica in the forms of quartz and cristobalite. Crystalline silica is also known to cause silicosis, a non-cancerous lung disease. Intermittent exposure produces; focal fibrosis, (pneumoconiosis), cough, dyspnoea, liver tumours. * Millions of particles per cubic foot (based on impinger samples counted by light field techniques). NOTE : the physical nature of quartz in the product determines whether it is likely to present a chronic health problem. |
| KAOLIN & CARBON BLACK | No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search. |

| | | | |
|--|---|---------------------------------|---|
| Acute Toxicity | ✗ | Carcinogenicity | ✓ |
| Skin Irritation/Corrosion | ✗ | Reproductivity | ✗ |
| Serious Eye Damage/Irritation | ✗ | STOT - Single Exposure | ✗ |
| Respiratory or Skin sensitisation | ✗ | STOT - Repeated Exposure | ✓ |
| Mutagenicity | ✗ | Aspiration Hazard | ✗ |

Legend: ✗ – Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification
✓ – Data available to make classification

SECTION 12 Ecological information

Toxicity

| Plexichrome Ultra Performance Velocity Blue | Endpoint | Test Duration (hr) | Species | Value | Source |
|---|---------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|---------------|
| | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available |
| ethylene glycol | Endpoint | Test Duration (hr) | Species | Value | Source |
| | LC50 | 96h | Fish | 8050mg/l | 4 |
| | EC50 | 48h | Crustacea | >100mg/l | 2 |
| | EC50(ECx) | Not Available | Algae or other aquatic plants | 6500-7500mg/l | 1 |
| | EC50 | 96h | Algae or other aquatic plants | 6500-13000mg/l | 1 |

Plexichrome Ultra Performance Velocity Blue

| | Endpoint | Test Duration (hr) | Species | Value | Source |
|-----------------------|--|--------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| | silica crystalline - quartz | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available |
| | Endpoint | Test Duration (hr) | Species | Value | Source |
| | crystalobalite | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available |
| | Endpoint | Test Duration (hr) | Species | Value | Source |
| | kaolin | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available |
| carbon black | Endpoint | Test Duration (hr) | Species | Value | Source |
| | LC50 | 96h | Fish | >100mg/l | 2 |
| | EC50 | 72h | Algae or other aquatic plants | >0.2mg/l | 2 |
| | EC50 | 48h | Crustacea | 33.076-41.968mg/l | 4 |
| | NOEC(ECx) | 24h | Crustacea | 3200mg/l | 1 |
| Titanium Dioxide TiO2 | Endpoint | Test Duration (hr) | Species | Value | Source |
| | BCF | 1008h | Fish | <1.1-9.6 | 7 |
| | LC50 | 96h | Fish | 1.85-3.06mg/l | 4 |
| | EC50 | 72h | Algae or other aquatic plants | 3.75-7.58mg/l | 4 |
| | EC50 | 48h | Crustacea | 1.9mg/l | 2 |
| | EC50 | 96h | Algae or other aquatic plants | 179.05mg/l | 2 |
| NOEC(ECx) | 504h | Crustacea | 0.02mg/l | 4 | |
| Legend: | Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data | | | | |

Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Do NOT allow product to come in contact with surface waters or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment wash-waters.

Wastes resulting from use of the product must be disposed of on site or at approved waste sites.

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

| Ingredient | Persistence: Water/Soil | Persistence: Air |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| ethylene glycol | LOW (Half-life = 24 days) | LOW (Half-life = 3.46 days) |
| Titanium Dioxide TiO2 | HIGH | HIGH |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Ingredient | Bioaccumulation |
|-----------------------|-----------------|
| ethylene glycol | LOW (BCF = 200) |
| Titanium Dioxide TiO2 | LOW (BCF = 10) |

Mobility in soil

| Ingredient | Mobility |
|-----------------------|-------------------|
| ethylene glycol | HIGH (KOC = 1) |
| Titanium Dioxide TiO2 | LOW (KOC = 23.74) |

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Product / Packaging disposal | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Containers may still present a chemical hazard/ danger when empty. ▶ Return to supplier for reuse/ recycling if possible. <p>Otherwise:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ If container can not be cleaned sufficiently well to ensure that residuals do not remain or if the container cannot be used to store the same product, then puncture containers, to prevent re-use, and bury at an authorised landfill. <p>Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory. Each user must refer to laws operating in their area. In some areas, certain wastes must be tracked.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains. ▶ It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal. ▶ In all cases disposal to sewer may be subject to local laws and regulations and these should be considered first. ▶ Recycle wherever possible. ▶ Consult manufacturer for recycling options or consult local or regional waste management authority for disposal if no suitable treatment or disposal facility can be identified. ▶ Dispose of by: burial in a land-fill specifically licensed to accept chemical and / or pharmaceutical wastes or incineration in a licensed apparatus (after admixture with suitable combustible material). |
|------------------------------|---|

Plexichrome Ultra Performance Velocity Blue

SECTION 14 Transport information

Labels Required

| | |
|------------------|----------------|
| Marine Pollutant | NO |
| HAZCHEM | Not Applicable |

Land transport (ADG): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

| Product name | Group |
|-----------------------------|---------------|
| ethylene glycol | Not Available |
| silica crystalline - quartz | Not Available |
| crystalite | Not Available |
| kaolin | Not Available |
| carbon black | Not Available |
| Titanium Dioxide TiO2 | Not Available |

Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

| Product name | Ship Type |
|-----------------------------|---------------|
| ethylene glycol | Not Available |
| silica crystalline - quartz | Not Available |
| crystalite | Not Available |
| kaolin | Not Available |
| carbon black | Not Available |
| Titanium Dioxide TiO2 | Not Available |

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

ethylene glycol is found on the following regulatory lists

Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 5

Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 6

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)
Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

silica crystalline - quartz is found on the following regulatory lists

Australia Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Hazardous chemicals (other than lead) requiring health monitoring

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs - Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans

crystalite is found on the following regulatory lists

Australia Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Hazardous chemicals (other than lead) requiring health monitoring

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

kaolin is found on the following regulatory lists

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

carbon black is found on the following regulatory lists

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs - Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

Titanium Dioxide TiO2 is found on the following regulatory lists

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs - Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

National Inventory Status

| National Inventory | Status |
|------------------------------|--------|
| Australia - AIIC / Australia | Yes |

Continued...

Plexichrome Ultra Performance Velocity Blue

| National Inventory | Status |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Non-Industrial Use | |
| Canada - DSL | Yes |
| Canada - NDSL | No (ethylene glycol; silica crystalline - quartz; cristobalite; kaolin; carbon black; Titanium Dioxide TiO2) |
| China - IECSC | Yes |
| Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP | Yes |
| Japan - ENCS | No (kaolin) |
| Korea - KECI | Yes |
| New Zealand - NZIoC | Yes |
| Philippines - PICCS | Yes |
| USA - TSCA | Yes |
| Taiwan - TCSI | Yes |
| Mexico - INSQ | Yes |
| Vietnam - NCI | Yes |
| Russia - FBEPH | Yes |
| Legend: | Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration. |

SECTION 16 Other information

| | |
|----------------------|------------|
| Revision Date | 11/16/2022 |
| Initial Date | 08/24/2020 |

CONTACT POINT

PLEASE NOTE THAT TITANIUM DIOXIDE IS NOT PRESENT IN CLEAR OR NEUTRAL BASES

SDS Version Summary

| Version | Date of Update | Sections Updated |
|---------|----------------|--|
| 2.3 | 11/16/2022 | Disposal considerations - Disposal, Firefighting measures - Fire Fighter (extinguishing media), Firefighting measures - Fire Fighter (fire/explosion hazard), Firefighting measures - Fire Fighter (fire fighting), Handling and storage - Handling Procedure, Composition / information on ingredients - Ingredients, Accidental release measures - Spills (major), Accidental release measures - Spills (minor), Handling and storage - Storage (storage requirement), Handling and storage - Storage (suitable container) |

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios.

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